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Attorneys for Veolia Water Idaho, Inc.

BEFORE THE IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF THE)	Case No. VEO-W-22-02
APPLICATION OF VEOLIA WATER)	
IDAHO, INC. FOR AUTHORITY TO)	
INCREASE ITS RATES AND CHARGES)	
FOR WATER SERVICE IN THE STATE)	
OF IDAHO)	
)	
)	

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF JARMILA CARY FOR VEOLIA WATER IDAHO, INC.

MARCH 8, 2023

1	Q.	Please state your name and business address.
2	A.	Jarmila M. Cary, 8248 West Victory Road, Boise, Idaho 83709.
3	Q.	Are you the same Jarmila Cary who previously provided direct testimony in this
4		case?
5	A.	Yes.
6	Q.	What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony?
7	A.	I will address several adjustments proposed by the Idaho Public Utilities Commission
8		Staff ("Staff") and certain intervenors regarding operating costs that are discussed in my
9		testimony, including:
10		• The proposed Test Year ending period,
11		• Salaries and Wages,
12		Workers Compensation,
13		• Post-retirement Benefits Other than Pension (PBOP),
14		• Employee Healthcare,
15		• Payroll Overheads (Fringe Benefit Allocation),
16		• Customer Billing Expenses,
17		• Office Expenses,
18		• General Insurance,
19		• Safety,
20		Unadjusted Expenses - Miscellaneous Costs, and
21		Adjustment to Variable Expenses Due to Volume Normalization.

1		Company Witnesses Wilson, Jacob, and Cagle will discuss other operating and
2		maintenance expense adjustments in their rebuttal.
3		I will also address several recommendations proposed by Staff related to customer
4		issues.
5	Q.	Have you prepared any exhibits to support your rebuttal testimony?
6	A.	Yes. I have prepared the following rebuttal exhibits:
7		• Exhibit 20 Schedule 1 - Operating Expense Summary
8		o Adjustment 1 - Payroll
9		o Adjustment 2 - Workers Compensation
10		o Adjustment 4 - Post-retirement Benefits Other than Pension (PBOP)
11		 Adjustment 5 - Employee Healthcare
12		o Adjustment 8 - Payroll Overheads (Fringe Benefit Allocation)
13		 Adjustment 13 - Customer Billing Expenses
14		o Adjustment 17 - Office Expenses
15		o Adjustment 20 - General Insurance
16		o Adjustment 22 - Safety
17		o Adjustment 29 - Adjustment to Variable Expenses Due to Volume Normalization
18		o Adjustment 30 - Unadjusted Expenses - Miscellaneous Costs
19		Test Year End
20	Q.	Please summarize the recommendations made by Staff Witness English to the
21		Company's proposed Test Year ending period.
22	A.	The testimony of Staff Witness English proposes to update the Company's test year to the
23		12 months ending December 31, 2022 and removing all pro-forma 2023 adjustments.

1	Q.	Do you agree with Staff's recommendations for the proposed Test-Year ending
2		period and eliminating all pro-forma 2023 adjustments?
3	A.	No. It is the Company's opinion that reasonable, known and measurable adjustments
4		should be included in the Company's operating expenses for recovery, after Staff's
5		proposed December 31, 2022 Test Year end period. Costs that have already been incurred
6		as well as those that can be reasonably measured and have a high degree of certainty of
7		being realized before the conclusion of a rate proceeding, before the new rates will be in
8		effect, should be included for Commission's consideration to the extent possible. It is
9		widely accepted by the National Association of Regulated Utility Companies (NARUC)
10		that known and measurable adjustments "should have a strong degree of certainty
11		associated with them, and that there should be a reasonable ability to measure the item
12		underlying the adjustment."1
13	Q.	Please summarize the recommendations made by Staff and Intervenors to the
14		Company's Operating Expenses that were discussed in your testimony.
15	A.	The testimony of Staff Witness Johnson proposes several adjustments, summarized as
16		follows:
17		• Adjustment 7, proposes adjustments to payroll related expenses by: eliminating
18		\$304,854 of wages for 4 positions not filled as of December 31, 2022 including an
19		Operator 1 position, Cross Conn Control Specialist, Utility Person, and
20		Environmental Health & Safety Specialist; removing 2023 pay increases of \$402,776;
21		removing 2023 increases for stand-by pay of \$1,176; removing 2023 incentive pay of

¹ Rate Case and Audit Manual Prepared by NARUC Staff Subcommittee on Accounting and Finance (2003).

\$597,450; and removing 2023 increases for overtime pay of \$14,514.

2	Adjustment 9 proposes to reduce post-retires	ment benefits other than pension \$54,144
3	to December 2022 level.	
4	Adjustment 10 proposes to update healthcar	re insurance costs to 2023 rates but based
5	on December 2022 employees for a reduction	on of \$70,501.
6	Adjustment 11 proposes to reduce employee	e 401(k) matching contributions by
7	\$44,890 based on December 2022 employee	es.
8	Adjustment 13 proposes to reduce Payroll C	Overhead fringe benefits based on
9	proposed payroll & benefit cost updates for	a reduction of \$203,700.
10	Adjustment 15 proposes to eliminate a custo	omer growth assumption for costs
11	associated with customer billing but updates	costs to December 2022 level.
12	• Adjustment 17 proposes to reduces Office e	xpenses by \$27,544 for Cityworks
13	License costs and eliminates Consumer Con	fidence Report (CCR) postage mailing
14	costs.	
15	• Adjustment 22 proposes to remove \$29,250	of Safety Expenses for trainings no
16	longer offered or those that have yet to be so	cheduled.
17	Adjustment 27 proposes to remove nine mis	cellaneous expenses \$4,585 from the
18	Company's Unadjusted O&M - Miscellaneo	us Expense account.
19	Micron Intervenor Witness Groman's te	stimony proposes to remove 15 full-time
20	equivalent ("FTE") employee positions included	d in the Company's filing, for positions

• Adjustment 8 proposes to reduce worker's compensation expense by \$19,110.

1		that were budgeted and not yet filled as of June 2022 to reduce test year operating costs
2		by an estimated \$800,000.
3		The testimony of Staff Witness Culbertson proposes the following adjustments:
4		• Adjustment 1 proposes to update Unadjusted Expenses to December 31, 2022 level.
5		Adjustment 21 proposes to revise General Insurance Expense and Injuries and
6		Damage claims by eliminating \$28,947 of claims costs.
7		• Adjustment 20 proposes to revise the test year number from a two-year average 2020-
8		2021 to a three-year average 2020-2022, which would result in a reduction of
9		\$36,405.
10		The testimony of Staff Witness Eldred proposes, in Adjustment 28, to reduce
11		Variable expenses due to Revenue Normalization and to adjust the cost of power and
12		chemical expense due to the reduction in weather normalized test year consumption using
13		Staff's December 2022 Test Year.
14		<u>Payroll</u>
15	Q.	Do you agree with Staff Witness Johnson's proposed Payroll and related employee
16		costs adjustments and those proposed by Micron Intervenor Witness Groman?
17	A.	No, I do not agree with removing unfilled positions that were not hired before Staff's
18		proposed Test Year ending December 31, 2022, with removing the 2023 Pay Increases,
19		removing increase for Stand-By pay, removing all Incentive Pay and increase for
20		Overtime Pay, or removing all 15 budgeted as-filed positions proposed by Micron which
21		were included in the Company's request.

1		<u>Unfilled Positions</u>
2	Q.	Have the 15 budgeted pro forma positions as-filed been since filled, including the
3		four unfilled positions that were vacant as of December 31, 2022?
4	A.	Yes, all but one of the 15 budgeted pro-forma positions included in the Company's as-
5		filed request have been filled. Three of the four unfilled positions vacant as of December
6		2022, which included the Operator 1 position, a Cross Connection Control Specialist and
7		a Utility Person, have since been filled. The remaining unfilled position of the
8		Environmental Health & Safety Specialist is an active recruitment process. Candidates
9		for this position are being evaluated for selection. An offer of employment is anticipated
10		in March with the background check process to commence immediately after acceptance
11		and the employee start date would be in April 2023, before conclusion of this case and
12		the effective date of new tariff rates from this proceeding.
13		2023 Pay Increases
14	Q.	Are the Bargaining Unit employee contractually obligated 2023 pay increases
15		known and measurable?
16	A.	Yes. The Company's collective bargaining agreement reflects wage schedules by year
17		and position. The negotiated and contractually obligated wages and wage increases are
18		defined in the contract and include pay for Stand-by time, Overtime and Shift Pay. The
19		contract reflects a 2.75% increase in bargaining unit wages effective April 1, 2023. The
20		as-filed amount of Bargaining unit employee wage increases is \$161,610. The
21		Company's opinion is that wage increases should be reflected on Bargaining unit
22		employee payroll costs, as well as stand-by pay and overtime pay because these wages

1		are known, measurable and contractually obligated. It is the Company's position that
2		bargaining unit wage increases should be reflected in payroll costs for recovery.
3	Q.	Are the Non-Bargaining Unit 2023 pay increases known and measurable?
4	A.	Yes. The Company is finalizing the 2022 performance evaluations for non-bargaining
5		unit employees in early March, the ratings guide wage increases. For Non-Bargaining
6		employees performance ratings consist of 70% individual objective performance and
7		30% Veolia Values performance (Respect, Customer Focus, Solidarity, and Innovation).
8		The overall Non-Bargaining Unit 2022 performance rating completed in March 2023
9		resulted in an wage increase of 3.6% with an effective date of April 1, 2023. The
10		Company's as-filed position anticipated a 4% increase in Non-Bargaining employee
11		wages. The Company's Rebuttal position removes 0.4% or \$24,117 the difference
12		between the anticipated and actual wage increases for the Non-Bargaining employees.
13		Mr. Johnson proposed eliminating all wage increases, a total of \$402,776. The
14		Company's position is that pay increases are justified, necessary to adjust for cost of
15		living increases from rising inflation, and to allow for competitive wages to attract and
16		retain talent. The Company requests recovery of \$161,610 for Bargaining Unit employee
17		wage increases and \$217,049 for Non-Bargaining Unit employees, a total of \$378,659.
18		Overtime & Stand By Pay
19	Q.	Do you agree with Staff Witness Johnson's proposal to remove the 2023 Overtime
20		pay increases of \$14,514 and \$1,176 pay increases for Stand-by pay?
21	A.	No. Overtime pay and Stand-by pay rates are identified in the collective bargaining unit
22		agreement and follow the established rates of pay. As of April 1, 2023 bargaining unit
23		wages increase by 2.75% and Overtime and Stand-by pay will follow suit. The

1		Company's rebuttal position requests recovery of the as-filed \$14,514 wage increases for
2		Overtime and \$1,176 for Stand-by pay.
3		<u>Incentive Pay</u>
4	Q.	Briefly describe the Company's incentive programs.
5	A.	The Incentive Programs are based on employee performance as it relates to achievement
6		of specific objectives, as well as Company performance, both in terms of safety and
7		financial results. Employee goals are structured with customer impact, Company
8		performance, and employee safety and wellbeing in mind. Incentive objectives include
9		efficiency and process improvements, employee development, innovation, and new
10		initiatives that are above normal assigned employee duties. Incentive Payments are
11		rewarded when employees meet or exceed goal targets, criteria requirements, safety, and
12		compliance training goals.
13	Q.	Are the 2023 incentive pay amounts known and measurable?
14	A.	Yes. The 2022 objectives and achievements have been evaluated for non-bargaining
15		employees and the incentive plan payments based on achieving those employee goals and
16		Company results are paid in March, 2023. According to the negotiated collective
17		bargaining contract the Company's Bargaining Unit employees do not have an incentive
18		pay component as part of their compensation.
19	Q.	What percentage of incentive pay is based on individual goals and Company
20		financial results?
21	A.	The Non-Bargaining Hourly employee incentives are based on performance in safety,
22		required training, and community engagement, and for year ended 2022 results they total
23		\$18,879.

The Non-Bargaining Salaried employee incentives are based on individual goal achievement and Company financial performance. For year end 2022 results, Salaried employee incentive pay is \$607,383 and comprises approximately 57% of that amount based on non-financial results or objective achievement for \$347,116, and 43% based on Company financial performance for \$260,267. The Company's rebuttal position requests recovery of the full as-filed amount of Incentive pay of \$597,450.

Wage Comparison

Q. Please discuss Staff Witness Johnson's average wage comparison.

A.

The average wage comparison Mr. Johnson provided in his testimony from the Bureau of Labor Statistics reflects historic wages appears to be based on year 2021 pay data. The selected positions do not necessarily align with the Company's positions. During 2022 the Company engaged a consultant to perform a compensation assessment to compare Company wages to the market provided to Staff in response to Production Request No. 23. The specific job descriptions, not merely job titles, were matched to and compared with market data obtained from 17 compensation surveys. The surveys were focused on studies specific to Idaho and the Pacific Northwest. This assessment provided analysis of 45 positions comparing base wages and total compensation which includes incentive payments, and determined that the Company's overall average base pay is in the 37th percentile of market and total compensation including incentive pay is in the 46th percentile of market. This study supports the Company's rebuttal position to include incentive pay as part of employees overall compensation for recovery in rates.

1	Q.	rease summarize the Company's reductar position for payron costs.
2	A.	The Company's rebuttal position is a test year payroll amount of \$7,645,650 and includes
3		the impact of a \$24,117 or a 0.4% reduction in the non-bargaining wage increase. This
4		gross payroll change (or total payroll which includes operating costs as well as payroll
5		costs that will be capitalized) must be adjusted by the applicable Operating &
6		Maintenance (O&M) ratio which is based on the Historic Test year percentage of 66.17%
7		calculated in Company's Exhibit 10, Schedule 1. Applying that Payroll O&M ratio to the
8		\$24,117 produces a rebuttal adjustment of \$15,958. The Company's rebuttal position for
9		Payroll will also flow through the associated schedules and impact Workers
10		Compensation, 401k, Payroll Overheads (Fringe Benefit Allocation) and Payroll Taxes as
11		well. Employee 401k and Payroll taxes are discussed in Company Witness Wilson's
12		rebuttal testimony.
13		Workers Compensation
14	Q.	Please discuss the Company's rebuttal position for workers compensation costs.
15	A.	The Company's rebuttal position for Workers Compensation costs is based on the
16		Company's rebuttal position for payroll expense of \$11,554,333 and reflects a test year
17		expense of \$115,965, a reduction of \$242 from the as-filed position.
18		PBOP - Post Retirement Benefits Other than Pension
19	Q.	Do you agree with Staff Witness Johnson's PBOP update to December 31, 2022
20		level?
21	A.	Yes. The \$577,900 amount is based on the latest available Actuarial information.

1		<u>Healthcare</u>
2	Q.	Do you agree with Staff Witness Johnson's Healthcare adjustment incorporating the
3		Company's 2023 rates applied to December 31, 2022 actual count of employees?
4	A.	Yes in part. I agree with the update per Company's response to Request No. 163 which
5		updated the Healthcare costs from 2022 rates to the now known 2023 rates. However, I
6		disagree with excluding open positions that were vacant as of December 2022 because
7		those positions that have since been filled, or will be filled with a high degree of
8		certainty, before the conclusion of this rate proceeding. The Company's rebuttal position
9		reflects the 2023 updated healthcare costs applied to 137 as-filed positions for a test year
10		amount of \$2,414,650.
11		Payroll Overheads (Fringe Benefits Allocation)
12	Q.	Please provide the impact of the Company's rebuttal positions on payroll and
13		related benefit costs which drive the change to the Payroll Overhead (Fringe Benefit
14		Allocation) amount.
15	A.	Incorporating the payroll and related benefit cost updates per the Company's rebuttal
16		position, changes the Payroll Overheads fringe benefits allocation by (\$110,498) to
17		(\$1,576,909). Mr. Johnson's Exhibit 110 included the full (\$577,900) Post Retirement
18		Benefits Other than Pension (PBOP) amount in error. The amount of PBOP expense that
19		should be reflected in the Payroll Overheads - Fringe Benefit allocation is only the PBOP
20		service cost of \$180,871. This is because only the service cost portion can be included in
21		capitalized amounts.

1		Customer Billing Expenses
2	Q.	Do you agree with Staff Witness Johnson's proposal to update test year costs to the
3		December 31, 2022 amount and eliminate the 1% customer growth impact on billing
4		costs?
5	A.	Yes. The Company can accept the proposed changes to customer billing expenses as
6		proposed by Mr. Johnson.
7		Office Expenses
8	Q.	Do you agree with Staff Witness Johnson's proposal to eliminate Cityworks license
9		costs for 4 vacant positions not filled as of December 31, 2022 as well as the
10		estimated postage costs for mailing the Consumer Confidence Report?
11	A.	No. This adjustment would eliminate costs that the Company has already incurred for
12		Cityworks licenses for new employees and the cost for mailing Consumer Confidence
13		Reports (CCR) to customers which were paid in March 2023. The CCR invoice reflects
14		\$23,553 of postage that is estimated by the vendor based on current postage costs for
15		100,000 printed customer notices. The Company's rebuttal position for test year office
16		expense is \$819,200 and includes as-filed Cityworks license cost and reflects an increase
17		of \$3,553 for CCR postage costs per Exhibit 20 Adjustment 18 Attachment A (CCR
18		Invoice) which is sponsored by Company Witness Wilson who discusses the advertising
19		costs for printing the CCR mailers in his rebuttal testimony.
20	Q.	Please explain why Cityworks license costs are necessary?
21	A.	All field related work for construction and maintenance related tasks is scheduled and
22		tracked in the Cityworks system. All employees who perform work in the field must
23		utilize the Cityworks system for their daily work assignments and require a separate

1		license. Supervisors, Managers and Administrative staff along with the Customer Service
2		Representative call center staff utilize Cityworks as part of the daily work flow process.
3		The historic test year expense for Cityworks licenses was \$179,772. The Cityworks
4		license is a single user fee of \$1,886 per user currently, charged per year. There are
5		currently 118 user licenses $x $1,886 = $222,582$. The current count of 118 licenses have
6		been paid and will cover newly hired and existing employee license requirements.
7	Q.	Please discuss why the Company mails the Consumer Confidence Report when it
8		may be provided to customers electronically?
9	A.	The Idaho Department of Environmental Quality (IDEQ) and the Environmental
10		Protection Agency (EPA) require that customers be notified their annual Consumer
11		Confidence Report (CCR) is available to them. Idaho allows all sizes of community
12		public water systems the option to deliver Consumer Confidence Reports (CCRs)
13		electronically. All community public water systems are required to deliver CCRs to their
14		customers by July 1st of every year and provide a certification to the Department that
15		CCRs were delivered. According to the IDEQ website, the Environmental Protection
16		Agency (EPA) interprets the requirement to mail or otherwise directly deliver to include
17		electronic delivery.
18		The Company has provided electronic CCRs to customers previously, but found
19		that customers do not access that information. Customers were notified via our Facebook
20		and Twitter pages, a digital banner ad on IdahoStatesman.com with a link to a sponsored
21		news article about the CCR, and a bill message for customers who receive their statement
22		on paper or electronically. All forms of notification let customers know how to find their

CCR on our website. After analyzing the click rate on the Idaho CCR web page for the

1		past two years, we determined less than 0.1% of our customers are landing on the page.
2		The Company feels strongly that the CCR is an important document for customers to
3		review and understand what is in their water, what tests are performed, and their results.
4		Due to the low digital readership of this important information , which must be provided
5		pursuant to regulations, the Company's position is that this information should be mailed
6		to all customers. This type of push notification will land the CCR in customers' hands
7		directly.
8		Safety Expenses
9	Q.	Do you agree with Staff Witness Johnson's Safety Expense adjustment to eliminate
10		\$29,250 training costs that will not take place or be completed before the conclusion
11		of this rate case?
12	A.	Yes.
13		General Insurance
14	Q.	Do you agree with Staff Witness Culberton's General Insurance adjustments?
15	A.	Yes, in part. Mr. Culbertson's proposed 3-year average of General Insurance costs is
16		reasonable. I do not agree with excluding certain general insurance costs or claims that
17		could be attributed to Company employees' actions or errors. Insurance coverage for
18		damages and liability is in place for a variety of events and scenarios. While it may be
19		argued that certain claims and related insurance costs could or should be avoidable, they
20		result in a legitimate business expense whether a Company employee was involved or
21		not, or whose actions or omission may have contributed to an accident. Insurance claims

and incidents are carefully reviewed, analyzed, addressed with the insurance Company

and by Company's personnel. If deemed appropriate, counseling or additional

22

Expenses to December 31, 2022 level?		
Do you agree with Staff Witness Culbertson's proposal to bring Unadjusted		
<u>Unadjusted Expenses - Miscellaneous Costs</u>		
\$28,947 of Staff's proposed excluded claims costs for a test year amount of \$393,386.		
per Staff's Adjustment 3 Exhibit 134. The Company's rebuttal position includes the		
proposes, would raise the test year amount from Staff's position of \$177,172 to \$364,439		
ended insurance expense of \$133,309 for the three-year average that Mr. Culbertson		
\$271,746 revised. Using these updated year-end figures with the December 2022 year		
\$466,550 revised, and the June 2022 Historic Test Year from \$91,347 as-filed to a		
filed \$172,526 to a revised \$580,298, the 2021 expense from \$312,522 as-filed to		
or measurable. The excluded reserve revision increased year 2020 expense from the as-		
excluded from operating expenses because those amounts may necessarily not be known		
(IBNR) Reserve amounts which are based on estimated costs and therefore should still be		
expense. The excluded reserves already incorporated the Incurred But Not Recorded		
essentially accruals of actual costs that should not have been excluded from the as-filed		
the excluded reserve amounts for Injuries & Damage Reserve amounts which are		
Attachment No. 3 - Exhibit 10 Revised - Opex Adjustments.xlsx. This revision corrected		
were later revised and provided to Staff in response to Production Request No. 63 as		
activities. Mr. Culbertson's Exhibit 134 reflects the as-filed General Insurance cost which		
employees, and contractors, focusing additional effort on high risk work situations or		
strong safety culture and provides a comprehensive safety training curriculum to its		
employees to help prevent similar situations from recurring. The Company emphasizes a		
progressive discipline may be necessary, and further training may be provided to		
progressive discipline may be necessary, and further training may be provided to		

Q.

1 A. Yes.

Α.

2 Q. Do you agree with Staff Witness Johnson's Miscellaneous Cost adjustment?

Yes, in part. I agree that as part of Unadjusted Expenses, Miscellaneous Costs such as Chamber of Commerce fees, certain advertising expenses and political contributions should be excluded from recovery and not be borne by customers. The Company's rebuttal position excludes \$994 of costs that should have been reflected as non-recoverable. However the Company's position is that costs for customer outreach and educational events should not be excluded. Mr. Johnson's proposal excluded \$4,585 of costs, including \$3,592 of costs for events such as the Company's Water Summit event and two Company open house events for engaging and educating customers that should be recoverable. These three events Staff proposed to exclude were held at Hilton Garden Inn locations and included rental of the meeting space, audio-visual rental costs, coffee and snacks.

Water Summit Event

As the water provider to more than a quarter of a million people, we often get questions from local leaders, the media, and our customers about how much water we need and if we are prepared to meet demand. To add context, the Valley had endured a challenging drought in 2021 that made headline news for months. We commissioned the Treasure Valley Water Supply Report to provide data on the water available now, what we can expect water demands to be as the population grows, and options - backed by facts - of how to meet those demands. We also felt strongly that any findings should be made public so our customers, community leaders, other regional utilities, and our regulators had the same information. We invited community leaders from across the

valley, our regulators, irrigators, and the press. The Commission sent a group of Staff to the event, as did the Idaho Department of Water Resources, Department of Water Quality, City of Boise, and many other stakeholders. About 70 people attended, and the report was widely distributed, both at the event and after. Logistically, Veolia does not have a meeting space that would host that many people. The Hilton Garden Inn hotel was a neutral and central location to host everyone. Additionally, Veolia has heard from stakeholders that they want more transparency regarding what we do and why. That was a point of concern during our rate case in 2020. This supply report outlines avenues Veolia intends to explore in order to meet community needs for the next 50 years. It is an important planning tool that we made available to everyone.

Customer Engagement & Education Events

The Company held two events open to all customers in and around the Eagle area which were proposed to be excluded from recovery by Mr. Johnson. These customer engagement and education events allow new and existing customers to meet and discuss topics with various Company employees and obtain assistance. Customers are provided opportunity to ask questions, raise concerns, learn about various topics, access the company's customer website, sign up for customer conveniences such as paperless billing and electronic payment options, view their account information including consumption history, bill and payment history, understand tariff rates, receive conservation devices and advice, learn about water quality, and system improvement projects that were underway or planned.

1		Adjustment to Variable Expenses Due to Volume Normalization
2	Q.	Please discuss the impact of the Company's rebuttal positions on the Adjustment to
3		Variable Expenses Due to Volume Normalization.
4	A.	Incorporating Company Witness Michaelson's Volume Normalization updates will
5		require an adjustment to the Company's power expense and chemical expenses. The
6		variable expense associated with the change in Volume Normalization is a difference of
7		\$2,089 of power & chemical costs from the as-filed amount of (\$127,937) to the
8		Company's rebuttal position of (\$125,848). Company Witness Michaelson's adjusted
9		Test Year Consumption of 18,758,373 hundred cubic feet (CCF) is adjusted for the
10		impact of rebilled consumption due to under-reported meter reads as provided in response
11		to Production Request No. 163 producing a Rebuttal Test Year amount of 18,817,988
12		CCF.
13		<u>Customer Issues</u>
14	Q.	Please summarize the recommendations made by Staff relating to customer issues.
15	A.	The testimony of Staff Witness Bossard proposes recommendations that would impact
16		customers, including a recommendation to submit the customer notice and press release
17		to the Commission for review prior to submitting its Application in future cases, a
18		recommendation that the Company communicate with the Commission when it
19		recognizes a possible issue that could generate complaints from a significant number of
20		customers, a recommendation that the Company continue to support the Veolia Cares
21		Low Income Financial Assistance Program and to increase the amount of the grant to
22		reflect the increase in rates for residential customers. Staff also recommends that the

Company increase the amount of assistance an individual customer can receive in the

same percentage as the rate increase for residential customers granted in the final order to reduce the effects of the rate increase and higher inflation levels. Staff also recommends that the Company increase the maximum household income level to reach more customers threatened by disconnection for non-payment and prevent additional disruption of customer service.

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Α.

Press Release and Customer Notices

- Notification and recommendation to submit the customer notice and press release to the Commission for review prior to submitting its Application in future cases?

 Yes. While the Company's customer notice met the Commission's Rules of Procedure, Rule 125 requirements, the press release did not because as Ms. Bossard noted, it failed to inform customers that they could file comments with the Commission. The Company appreciates Staff pointing out that omission so it can be addressed. While it would be preferred that the customer notice and press release include the Application Case Number assigned by the Commission, that does not appear to be an explicit requirement of Rule 125. The Company did not include the case number on the customer notices because that information was not available at the time the notices were being printed. The Company will however make a concerted effort in the future proceedings to provide Commission Staff the opportunity to review the customer notice and press release ahead of filing the Application and to include the Application Case Number.
- Q. Do you agree with Staff Witness Bossard's recommendation to notify Staff as soon as the Company recognizes a potential large-scale issue that will affect customers?

Yes. It is our priority to keep Commission Staff apprised of potential large-scale issues
that may negatively impact customers and to address those concerns as quickly as
possible for customers. As the Company became aware of under-reported meter readings
in December 2022, the issue was discussed with Staff members via phone. At the time
the impact was not known and the Company was responding to customer and Staff
concerns. The subsequent Company investigation determined that fewer than 1% of
customers were impacted. The Company began reaching out to impacted customers to
advise them of the corrective actions that were taking place, and what they should expect
while tracking those instances. As the Company's investigation progressed, information
was shared with Staff on a weekly basis as requested regarding the number of customers
impacted, and a virtual meeting was held in January with Staff to provide additional
clarity and an update on the Company's investigation. The Company has and will
continue to work with customers who face hardship in order to find a solution to address
their specific concerns and keep Staff apprised of large-scale issues that may impact
customers in the future.

A.

Service Level Standard

- Q. Please address the Company's service level standards discussed in Staff Witness Bossard's testimony?
- 19 A. The Company's Average Speed of Answer target 80% of customer calls answered
 20 within 60 seconds or less was not achieved during the months of August, September and
 21 October 2022, due to employee vacancies and leaves of absence for medical reasons.
 22 During that time, customers had a longer than normal average wait time before they
 23 could speak to a Customer Service Representative, ranging between 75 seconds and 170

Vaolia Careg Law Income Financial Assistance Program
medical leave, customer call wait times dropped below the target threshold.
during that time. After the open positions were filled and employees returned from
other available staff to answer customer calls, however our service level was below target
seconds. The Company was actively recruiting employees during that time and utilized

VeoliaCares Low Income Financial Assistance Program

Q. Please address the Company's Veolia Cares low-income financial assistance program discussed in Staff Witness Bossard's testimony?

Α.

The Company's Low-Income Financial Assistance Program, Veolia Cares, provides financial assistance to customers who qualify under the federal poverty guidelines determined by El-Ada Community Action Partnership. The amount of assistance an individual customer is granted will increase in each subsequent rate proceeding and change in the % change in rates granted by the Commission in accordance with the Company's Case No. UWI-W-15-01 Settlement Stipulation. The Company advises customers of available assistance programs and resources through its daily interactions with customers, via the Company's website, other communication channels, and via a pamphlet that is provided to all customers informing them about financial assistance programs available as well as the federally sponsored program LIHWAP.

It is unclear from the testimony what "previous lack of record keeping in the Veolia Cares program" Staff Witness Bossard is referring to. The Company tracks the number of customers who have received financial assistance as well as the amount of funds provided by the Company's shareholders to those customers. This information has been shared with Commission Staff in Production Request Nos. 125, 126 and 127. No additional information is tracked or available outside of what is required of all customers

1		in order to obtain water service is available to Veolia. No additional information is
2		tracked about customers who apply for, are granted eligibility for low-income assistance
3		by El-Ada or those that are disqualified. No information regarding customer eligibility,
4		income levels or other information provided by customers to El-Ada in order to
5		determine eligibility is provided to nor requested by the Company.
6		As recommended by Staff, the Company will discuss with El-Ada the maximum
7		household income levels the agency uses in determining customer eligibility for financial
8		assistance specific to the Veolia Cares program and discuss the feasibility of modifying
9		those parameters in order to broaden the reach of the Company's assistance program to
10		more customers.
11	Q.	Does this conclude your rebuttal testimony?
12	A.	Yes.